MSFC Handling Classification Form



Program/Project/Activity Item				
Note: This Form cannot be used as a waiver to any MSFC Quality System requirement.				
Equipment/Item is determined to be Program Critical Hardware as defined by MWI 6410.1. See paragraphs 5.2.11-5.2.15. Check one YES Handling will be performed in accordance with MWI 6410.1. NO Provide justification below.				
Item is determined to be Critical Lift as defined by page 2 of this form, Critical-Lift Decision Process. Complete page 2. Check one YES Handling will be performed in accordance with MWI 6430.1. Handling will be performed in accordance with Standard Operating Procedure.				
Item is to be handled with Standard Operating Procedure with additional documentation requested:				
	Requested by:	Org. Code		
Detailed Move Procedure				
Test Preparation Sheet (MSFC Form 0248)				
Itemized Lifting Equipment Acceleration/Shock				
Temperature/Humidity				
Quality Sensitive per MPR 8730.1				
Quality definitive per wir N 0700.1				
	Name/Signature	Org. Code		
Requesting Department/Program/Project Manager				
Logistics Services Office Group Lead/Team Lead				
MSFC Safety Office Group Lead/Team Lead				
MSFC Quality Office Group Lead/Team Lead		ı		

Critical-Lift Decision Process		
Read both questions presented below and answer "YES" or "NO" to all parts of each question.		
If all of the responses are "NO," the lift operation is classified as NON-CRITICAL. If the response to at least one question		
is "YES," the lift operation is classified as CRITICAL.	YES	NO
1. Does the load to be lifted meet one of the following criteria used to define a critical load?		
1a. Assemblies with close tolerances or delicate construction which could be damaged by improper handling and such resulting damage could compromise a flight vehicle, payload, or the safety of personnel, regardless of whether the		
item is considered "Flight Hardware." (Reference MWI 6410.1.)		
1b. Equipment, hardware, software, and items returned from space. A special designation by the assigned program office shall be required for a returned item to be handled as Critical. (Reference MWI 6410.1.)		
1c. Lifting or lowering operations with special, high-dollar items (i.e., spacecraft, one-of-a-kind articles, or major facility components) whose loss can have serious programmatic impact. (Reference NASA-STD-8719.9)		
1d. Composite or bonded structures (used in the construction of MSFC manned vehicle or payload hardware) which have been identified as being susceptible to impact damage and are defined as such within the applicable Damage Threat Assessment or Impact Damage Protection Plan. (Reference MSFC-RQMT-3479)		
2. Does the planned lifting or lowering operation involve special personnel and device/equipment safety concerns beyond normal lifting hazards such as the following? (Reference NASA-STD-8719.9)		
2a. Lifting/lowering personnel with cranes.		
2b. Lifting/lowering hazardous materials such as explosives.		
2c. Performing a two-point lift using two or more cranes or lifting devices (i.e., jacks, fork lifts,) to lift/lower a single load. (See note below.)		
2d. Operations that require personnel to be beneath a suspended load. (Reference NASASTD-8719.9, Appendix C.)		
2e. There is a high probability of damage to the lifting device or equipment which can result in significant repair costs and/or schedule delays for future lift operations.		
2f. The mechanics of the lifting and handling operation itself create a high probability of damage to facilities, devices,		

NOTE: S&MA ISB may review the two-point lift and waive critical-lift requirements at its discretion, due to the mechanics, configuration, and operation to be performed. This is not applicable to two-point lifts designated as "Critical Lifts" meeting the criteria of Question 1.